MANY MISHAPS AT A FIRE.

TWO CHILDREN SUFFOCATED AND
A MAN MADE INSANE,

On the Way to the Hospital the Innane Man Yought with Policeman Runnell, Who Became Completely Exhausted-Several Persons Injured by Jumping from Windows.

A fire with very disastrous results occurred at an early hour yesterday morning in a large touble brick tenement house at 112 and 114 Coles street, Jersey City. Two children died from suffication, two others jumped from a window, and are in a very critical condition; a man became violently insane and was dragged from the house by firemen; his wife jumped on a window and received probably mortal injuries; a policeman was very severely injured in his efforts to save life, and a number of peonie were crushed and bruised in the frantic struggle to escape from the burning building. All this took place in little more than an hour. When the money losses through the fire were figured up it was found that they would not exceed \$3,000 or \$3,500 at the outside.

The fire started in Edward Weinzel's bake shop at the rear of 112, and was caused by a defective flue. One of Weinzel's bakers discovered flames coming out of the board ceiling about 4 A. M., and, thinking that the fire was not of much consequence, attempted to extinguish it himself. He threw buckets of water on it for about ten minutes, and would have con tinued his efforts without giving an alarm but for the arrival of Roundsman Toppin and Po-licemen Bunnell and Dodson. Toppin had seen smoke coming out over the transom, and after making a hurried investigation he hastened to Jersey avenue and Fifth street and sent in an slarm from box 21. About the same time some one sent in an alarm from another box, and the firemen were greatly confused and delayed.

The smoke filled all the halls and penetrated into the sleeping apartments of all the tenants me of them made a rush to get down the stairs while others went to the windows. Policeman Dodson shouted to the latter not to jump, as the firemen would be there soon with ladders. Policeman Bunnell and Roundsman Toppin went into the hall and found men and women there struggling to get down the narrow stairs. The people were panic-stricken and the men pushed the women and children aside in their frantic efforts to save themselves. The policeme tried to get the struggling mass disentan gled, but they were obliged to use their clubs on some of the men to accomplish it. The majority of the tenants were in scanty attire, which became more scant in the fierce struggle. When the crowd got safely out the policemen groped their way upstairs through the stiffing amoke to the top floor and helped the tenants there to oscape. They made them crawl down the stairs on their hands and knees. In the mean time the firemen had arrived, and the terrified tenants, who were at the windows deliberating whether to jump or not, and were only restrained by the admonitions of Policeman Dodson, were taken down on ladders. Several firemen went up through the building and assisted the two policemen who were there. As they were creeping down stairs again, in the belief that all the tenants wereout, they heard a woman screaming in a room on the third floor. The apartments there were occupied by William Ziegler, his wife Libbie, and three children, Thomas, 10 years old; Bertha, 3 years old, and William, a baby of six months. The door of the room from which the screams emanated was locked, but the policemen and firemen quickly forced it open. Ziegler was lying unconscious on the floor, two of the children were crouching in a corner, and Mrs. Ziegler had the baby clasped in her arms. The baby was dead, but the mother was not aware of it. Five men carried Ziegler downstairs and put him in a patrol wagon to be taken to St. Francis's Hospital. majority of the tenants were

patrol wagon to be taken to St. Francis's Hospital.

Policeman Bunnell accompanied him. On the way to the hospital Ziegler recovered consciousness, but he had become violently insane. He attacked the policeman, and a desperate struggle resulted. The policeman succeeded in restraining him until the hospital was reached. Then he was placed in a stratizacket and opiates were administered to keep him quiet. Bunnell had been almost suffocated by the smoke, and his struggle with Ziegler completely exhausted him. He received undicat attention at the hospital and afterward went home.

In the mean time the children, Thomas and Bertha, had been carried downstairs and placed in an ambulance, to be taken to the hospital. Bertha died before arriving there. Thomas is in a critical condition.

When the policemen and firemen took the dead body from Mrs. Ziegler's arm's and attempted to carry her downstairs she broke away from them and sprang out of the window. She was taken to the hospital, where it was found that her spine was injured. She is in a critical condition.

While all this was going on at 112 there were

POLICE PROMOTIONS.

The Commissioners to Discuss the New Civil Service Rules To-Day.

The new civil service rules are to come up is the Police Board to-day. The scheme of appointment and promotion has been revised to suit the new law in the interval of independence that remains to the police civil service before the Greater New York extinguishes it on Jan. 1. It is probable that the chief examiner and the Secretary of the Civil Service Bureau will constitute the examining board during the five months and a half.

No promotions can be made until the scheme has been completed and approved by the Civil Service Board. Then the Inspectors' cligible list will come up and after it the Captains', and if will appear how far the beard has advanced toward an understanding. Brooks and McCullagh, acting Inspectors now for more than two years, still hold the rank, on Captains' pay. Their long experience has given them an advantage in an examination, if a new one is to be held. The Commissioners have the say as to their fitness, with the Chief to fill up the gap if one vote is needed. The fact that the Chief has let them stay unchaininged in their places, when at any time he could send them back to precincts, is evidence, of course, that he considers them fit for their places. iner and the Secretary of the Civil Service

"DEAD MAN'S" CURVE NO LONGER. President Vreeland Says the New Grip Has Shorn the Spot of Its Terrors.

President Vreeland of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company appeared before the Board of Health yesterday and said that he was convinced that the introduction of the new cable grip has solved the problem of rounding the curves on the company's lines. He had a little tilt with President Moss of the Police Board over the latter's declaration that it was the duty of the Board of Health to take cognizance of the fact that there were danger points on the road. He said that the company must do what the Health Board required.

Band that the company must do what the Health Board required.

"When you say 'must,'" retorted Mr. Vreeland, "I wish to say that I am advised by counsel that your board has absolutely no authority over the operation of the cable lines. I am here singly as a matter of courtesy to your board."

Lee board finally amended the proposed amendment to the Sanitary Code regulating speed on the curves of surface roads, limiting the maximum speed to three miles an hour. Freeden Wilson amounced that the amendment would be acted upon a fortnight hence. Mr. Vreeland said he believed that by that time the cars of his company would be run upon a system satisfactory to the health authorities. Freedent Wilson then announced that the board would investigate the running of the cable cars of the Third avenue company's lines, especially in regard to the speed maintained at ourres.

THEY BEAT THE PARE REGISTERS. | COSTA RICAN PLOT IS OUT. I'we Supposed Members of a Gang of

Two young men, who are suspected of robbing the street railway companies in and about this city by opening and altering the fare registers. were arrested on the Staten Island Electric Company's line on Monday night. It is believed by the railroad officials that the arrests will lead to the breaking up of a gang of expert thieves who have worked the fare registers on the Broadway cable road, the Brooklyn trolley roads, and the New Jersey trolley roads.

The prisoners described themselves as Harry Lang and George Clark, both of New York city. Lang obtained work as a conductor on the Staten Island electric railroad on July 1. Clark also applied for a similar place, but did not obtain it. He remained on Staten Island and was seen frequently riding on Lang's car. A watch was kept and it was found, so the officials allege, that Lang's cash returns were much less than the count of his passengers showed, but his returns always tailied with the register. Superintendent Brophy of the railroad company could not account for the discrepancy until he learned that the brass figures on a car which Lang had run out were out of alignment. An examination showed that nearly all of the screws with which the face of the register is fastened had been removed. This was found to be the case nearly every time Lang turned in a car. Every effort made to catch the mea tampering with the register was unsuccessful until Monday night when, after detectives had ridden on his car all the afternoon and evening, they alleged that both Lang and Clark were seen at work on the register after leaving the Elizabeth-port ferry about midnight.

When the car reached Port Richmond Lang and Clark were resen at work on the register showed 6,882 passengers when passing 8t. George on the way to Holland Hook. The spotters allege that thirty fares were collected on the trip, but when the men were arrested the total recorded was only 6,815. This showed that the register had been set back about 100. When the prisoners were searched a number of small tools were found in their possession and nearly a score of screws, which, it is alleged, had been removed from the registers. Eight of the registers were found to have been damaged, and in Lang's pocket was found a memorandum of numbers corresponding to the numbers of the cars on which the registers had been tampered with.

A partial examination was held before Justice Mullin yesterday afternoon, at which there were present a number of representatives of railroad companies and the manufacturers of the register. The complaint of larceny was withdrawn and the prisoners were charged with malicious destruction of property. They pleaded not guilty and were remanded. was kept and it was found, so the officials allege, that Lang's cash returns were much less

COPS WERE TO PLAY BASEBALL Why There Were Few Prisoners in Esser

Market Police Court Yesterday. Business was unusually dull in the Essen Market Court yesterday morning, and when commented on the fact. Before 10 o'clock all of the prisoners had been disposed of, and a general air of languor pervaded the court room. The average number of prisoners arraigned in the court by policemen from the Eldridge atreet station is between thirty and forty. Yesterday norning there were only six prisoners credited to this station.

Later in the day Magistrate Brann was inormed that a baseball game in an uptown field had been arranged to take place yesterday between two nines of cops connected with the Eldridge street station. The game was sched-

Eldridge street station. The game was scheduled to take place early yesterday morning. The cops in the station who were off duty were anxious to see the game, which an attendance at court would prevent. Those who arrested prisoners the night before could not see the game; hence the great dearth in prisoners in the court yesterday morning.

Many a wanderer on the Bowery Monday night wondered at the unusual consideration shown him by the young cops who do duty on that thoroughfare at present. Most of them were kindly assisted across to the other side of the thoroughfare, where they became subject to the tender mercies of the cops of another precinct. Kindly advice was given to others, in place of a ride in the patrol wagon which does vigil along the Bowery gathering in unsteady walkers.

Still there were no more crimes reported at

vigil along the Bowery gathering in unsteady walkers.

Still there were no more crimes reported at the different station houses than ordinarily, and Magistrate Brann remarked that bats were evidently as mighty as clubs as moral regulators, and as an illustration of the theory that suppression of vice was not always indicated by the number of arrests.

Owing to the rain, however, the cops did not play ball as they expected.

Other Drivers Said to Be Robbing the Adams

was taken to the hospital, where it was found that her spine was injured. She is in a critical bundition.

While all this was going on at 112 there were exciting scenes at 114. The occupants of that building had been awakened by the noise of the trowd on the street. They became panic atricken, although comparatively little smoke had penelrated the building. The same sort of struggle to escape was made by the tenants as had been awakened by the small selection of the trowd on the street. They became panic atricken, although comparatively little smoke had penelrated the building. The same sort of struggle to escape was made by the tenants as had been awakened by the tenants and the building. The same sort of struggle to escape was made by the tenants and the people were kept under better restraint.

Mrs. Annie Campbell, a widow, her two sons and two daughters, Mamile, 16 years old, and Sadile, 13 years old, occupied the apartments on the third floor. Mrs. Campbell and the boys made their escape or were rescued. The girls were overlooked in the excitement. Sadie became terror stricken and jumped out of the window and landed on the sidewalk. She was impaided on a meat hook in front of Christian J. Gutterl's butcher shop, and the fourth of the money in the proper stricken and jumped out of the window and landed on the sidewalk. She escaped with a broken leg. It was learned afterward that James and Thomas Campbell, the brothers of the girls, thinking that their sisters had escaped, had gone to the rear of the house and helped other tenants out.

There were eight families, comprising twenty line persons, in the two buildings. Meinzel on the sidewalk. She was also as a diver were sent to the struggle and his wife and three children occupied the ground floor of 114. The next floor was tenanted by Mrs. MeHugh, her four enliders, and her brother-in-law, Ephriam Budd, and two child

passed from one room to another after supper she fell over a dog and fractured her kneepan. The excitement and confusion, in addition to the pain caused by the injury, brought on an at-tack of heart trouble, which caused death within

a few moments.

Mrs. Roberts was one of the oldest residents of this city having lived here continuously more than sixty years. She had lived fifty years in the house in which she died. Six children survive her: Benjamin, living in New York; John, in Brooklyn; Henry, in Kingston; Charles, at he family home, Mrs. Sarah C. Robinson, in Washington, and Mrs. Phoebe A. Johnson of this city.

Costs Ten Cents to Get to His Restaurant. James B. Lockwood, as the assignee of Jacob A. Hirshman, a restaurant keeper within the shoot-the-chutes inclosure at Coney Island, noved through Michael Jacobs, before Justice Russell of the Supreme Court, yesterday, to enjoin the Boyton Company from charging an admission fee of ten cents to the inclosure. It was alleged that Hirahman had expended \$20.000 in buildings within the inclosure, and that the charge of admission has ruined his restaurant business. He pays for the privileges of a restaurant within the grounds 12½ per cent, on his gross receipts. Decision was reserved.

Mayor Harrison Beats a Combine.

CHICAGO, July 13.-Mayor Harrison won his fight with his veto power last night, and the ordinance permitting the General Electric road to use the trolley system is dead. It is generally conceded that the General Electric road itself is dead. No one expects it to be built unless conditions greatly change. The "gaog" in the City Council is badly split up. Alderman McInerney has put himself up as a rival to Alderman Power for the leadership, and it is felt to be doubtful if the boys can soon be railied again.

Beach Children Must Account to Their Mother. Frederick C. Beach and Mrs. Jennie Beach Beach, editor of the Scientific American, have been directed by the Surrogate to render an ac counting of the estate. The application for the accounting was made by their mother, Mrs. Harriet E. Heach-Rogers, who married, last January, Henry R. Rogers, a spiritualistic medium. Proceedings of the children to have an inquiry as to her mental condition made were dismissed a few days ago by Justice Lawrence.

Actor Rateliffe Pleads Not Guilty. Edward J. Ratcliffe, the actor, put in a plea of not guilty yesterday morning, before Judge New burger in General Sessions Court, to the indict ment charging him with assault in the second degree for beating his wife, Alice Ratcliffe, a daughter of Poter De Lacy. Judge Newburger reduced the bail from \$5,000 to \$2,000. Rat-cliffe is still in the Tombs.

MRS. EUGENIA REINEMAN TURNS

STATE'S EVIDENCE Tells About the Counterfetting Here of \$1,000,000 to Bolster Up a Projected Revolution in Central America—Declares She Was Bragged Into the Scheme Unwittingly.

Mrs. Eugenia Reineman, who, with Ricardo de Requesens, was arrested several weeks ago charged with having participated in an attempt to flood Costa Rica with counterfelt \$100 notes made in this country, but purporting to have been issued by the Bank of Costa Rica, turned State's evidence yesterday. It was at the pre-liminary examination before Commissioner Shields in the cases of Federico Mora, who is an aspirant for the Presidency of Costa Rica; Mrs. Betsy Chevin, mother-in-law of De Reque-sens; Herman Dohm, a lithographer, and Louis Houseman, foreman of the Spanish American Printing Company, 126 Maiden lane, of which De Requesens is President. Mrs. Reine man's testimony contained all the elements of of the story of Mora's alleged conspiracy to secure the Presidency of Costa Rica and of the efforts of De Requesens and himself to raise money for revolutionary purposes by counterfelting in this city notes for over a million dollars. To accomplish this, according to the story, the services of William H. Dohm, a sor of Herman Dohm, were secured, and he made eight plates from which the notes were printed. Half a million dollars' worth of them were packed in a sofa, which was sent to San José, Costa Rica, The sofa and bogus money were seized at San José. The packing, it is alleged, was done in the home of Mrs. Chevin. Houseman, the foreman, is accused of having een connected with the scheme. Mrs. Reine man testified yesterday that the movements of all concerned in the conspiracy were directed by

Mora. "I went to New Orleans on March 3 last and met De Requesens there on the 7th," she said. "He had a satchel filled with packages of bank bills." Then she told of their trip to Costa Rica, whence De Requesens was sent back immediately on his arrival. It is alleged that Mrs. Reineman on his arrival. It is alleged that Mrs. Reineman managed to leave large sums in counterfelt notes at various places in Costa Rica, but this was not brought out at yesterday's hearing.

Upon her return Mrs. Reineman saw Mora in this city and when he heard of the seizure of the sofa he exclaimed: "My God, they must have found the bill of lading when they arrested Ocompo."

Ocompo was his correspondent at San José.
"Did you know what was in the sofa?" Assistant United States District Attorney Hinman inquired.

sistant United States District Attorney Hin-man inquired.
"I did," replied Mrs. Reineman.
"I did," replied Mrs. Reineman.
"How did you know f"
"Mr. De Requesens told me in New Orleans.
The original plan was to secrete the bills in a plane, but the sofa was substituted."
"Did you ever see the sofa in Mrs. Chevin's house!" "Did you ever see the sofa in Mrs. Caevin's house?"

"No; but Mr. De Requesens told me it was packed there. I saw it at 126 Maiden lane."

"Where did you first meet De Requesens?" asked Lawyer Hall, counsel for Mora.

"About a year ago, at 158 West Fourteenth street, Mr. Mora introduced him to me. De Requesens told me he was going to Costa Rica on political business for Mora, and some time after we first met he asked me to go with him; I might be of use in saving him from harm at the hands of the Government there, he said."

"When you saw the bills did you know they were bad!"

"No; I did not know a bad bill from a good one."

one."

Do you think they were bad f"

"I should think there had been evidence snough to show that," Mrs. Reineman replied

"What did Mora say to you about the bills ?"
"He said they had been made for his political "What did you think when you saw Mora and "What did you think when you saw Mora and De Requesens with so much money?"

I thought it very strange, for they had been borrowing money of me right along.
"I guess you had been supporting them both, and when you saw them with so much money you were surprised. Isn't that about the size of it? interjected Mr. Hinman.

Mrs. Reineman laughed softly and was about to reply, when Lawyer Hall hastily took up another line of questioning.

"How did you come to know about the sofa!"

e asked.
"Mr. De Requesens told me about it in New

"Mr. De Requesens told me about it is of Orleans."

"What did you say to him about it."

"I told him it was illegal to make the notes. He replied that it was all right, as Mora would redeem them when he became President of Costa Rica."

"What money did you use to pay your expenses when you went to Costa Rica."

"My own. I drew \$150 from the bank for the purpose." My own. Aurew purpose."
Secret Service Agent Burns of Washington told of finding a letter in the elder Dohm's office. It contained something about the plates. "William H. Dohm told me," said Burns, "that his father knew nothing about the plates. I made them at the request of De Hequesens, young Dohm said. "I worked on them nights and Sundays."

nd Sundays.

Agent John Henry testified that he had seized etters in which the plates were mentioned at Hetters in which the plates were mentioned at Mrs. Chevin's home. They were written by De Requesens. Mrs. Chevin said she knew nothing about them. There was one letter addressed to Houseman advising him to leave the city. "The Government officers are trying hard to

"The Government officers are trying hard to find proof," the letter said, "but if nobody squeals everything will be all right."

William P. Hazen, chief of the secret service, said that young Dohm had confessed that he made eight plates which he threw into the North River near a Pennsylvania ferry slip on the New York side after the arrest of De Requesens and Mrs. Reineman. Chief Hazen had divers at work yesterday searching for the plates.

The examination will be continued this afternoon.

FERRY TO ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS? comptroller Fitch Thinks the Jersey Central

Beats Would Come Under That Head. Comptroller Fitch has written a letter to the Corporation Counsel calling his attention to the boat service of the Central Railroad of New Jersey between. Rector street and the Atlantic Highlands as a possible source of revenue to the city. The Rector street boats, he said, run on stated schedule times of considerable frequency, and carry a large number of passengers to and from the city daily, including a large number of permanent and transient residents of Atlanti-

permanent and transient residents of Atlantic Highlands.

Mr. Fitch requests Mr. Scott to take whatever steps may be necessary to protect the interests of the city in its ferry franchises.

Albert B. Boardman, counsel for the New Jersey Central Raliroad, had a talk with Assistant Corporation Counsel Turner yesterday about the new ferry which his client proposes to run from Communipaw to the foot of Whitehall street. Afterward Mr. Turner said that the railroad company had not as yet violated the law, and that no steps would be taken by the Corporation Counsel until it did so.

TROLLEY SPEED IN BROOKLYN. The Ordinance Declared Valid by the Appellat

Division of the Supreme Court. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday handed down a decision upholding the validity of the trolley car speed ordinance adopted by the Aldermen, and fixing eight miles an hour as the limit. The Nassau company had been fined \$25 by a Police Justice company had been fined \$25 by a Police Justice for a single violation of the ordinance, but the judgment was reversed in the County Court. The Appellate Division now sustains the ruling of the Police Justice. Justice Culien, who writes the decision, says:

"It is as much the duty of the Legislature to protect the traveller from unnecessary danger to his person while he is on the highway as his health from infection while he is in his home, and we think the power to perform neither obligation can be contracted away."

A hundred or more cases of speed violation are

A hundred or more cases of speed violation are affected by the decision. MRS. RANDALL'S \$110,000 BEQUESTS

190,000 to Prospect Union, \$20,000 to Rad cliffe College, \$70,000 to Foxeroft Club. BOSTON, July 13,-Three institutions in Cam ridge have been remembered to the extent of 110,000 by the will of a Mrs. Randall, who fied eight months ago. The institutions are the Prospect Union of Cambridge, a well-known ed-ucational institution; the Foxeroft Club, an in-stitution which undertakes the feeding of wor-thy Harvard students, and Hadcliffe College. To the Prospect Union is left \$20,000, to Rad-cliffe College another \$20,000, and to the Fox-eroft Club \$70,000 for a new clubbouse.

ALBANY, July 13 .- The John P. Holland Tor-

pedo Boat Company of New York city to-day filed with the Secretary of State a certificate of an increase of its capital from \$500,000 to \$600,000 and an increase in the number of its directors from five to seven. Abraham Danzis and Moritz Schoenthal (Danzis & Schoenthal), importers and jobbers of millinery goods at 78 Bleecker street, made an assignment yesterday to Elias Rosenthal with-out preference. The liabilities are \$16,000 and assets \$9,000.



JERSEY COURT OF PARDONS. Applications of Murderer Barciny Peaks and

Embezzier John Murphy Dismis

CAMP GRIGOS, SEA GIRT, N. J., July 13 .- The New Jersey Court of Pardons held its sitting for the June term in the Governor's cottage on this reservation instead of at Trenton. Bogert, Dayton, Nixon, Hendrickson, and Adams met with Gov. Griggs to hear the report of the Committee of Investigation. Chancellor McGill and Justice Kreuger, the absent members of the coard, are in Europe. Final consideration was had on ninety applications, ten prisoners being pardoned and three paroled, while the fines and osts imposed upon six others were remitted. The remaining applications were dismissed.

Among the cases dismissed was that of Bar-clay W. Peake, who murdered Katy Anderson, his sweetheart, at Mount Holly several years ago when he was 19 years old. He was con victed and sentenced to imprisonment for

victed and sentenced to imprisonment for twenty years. Subsequently Wesley Warner murdered Peake's sister. The two tragedies caused intense excitement throughout Burlington county. Peake's term will not expire until 1902. The application for his pardon will be renewed in all probability at the November term. His principal advocate is Judge J. Franklin Fort of Essex county.

Similar action was taken in the case of John Murphy, the alleged embezzling Township Collector of Burlington county. Murphy's friends alleged in his behalf that his defalcation was really caused by his son, who denies any knowledge of the crime. Murphy pleaded guilty before Judge Gaskill for the purpose of saving his son from prosecution. Asserting that his conviction under the circumstances was unlawful, his friends made a strong fight for his pardon. His employers in a large clothing house of Philadelphia assisted in the struggle and promised to reëmploy him in his old place if he was released.

The prisoners who were pardoned are: John

adelphia assisted in the struggle and promised to reëmploy him in his old place if he was released.

The prisoners who were pardoned are: John Carney, sentenced in Bergen county in January, 1897, to nine months, for burglary and assault and battery; John Karsack, sentenced in Hudson county in December, 1894, to five years, for breaking and entering with intent to steal, pardoned because of his ill health; George Cox, sentenced in Passaic county in September, 1892, for six months, for conspiracy, pardoned in county in Cotober, 1892, for six months, for conspiracy, pardoned in order to restore him to citizenship; Pominick McGlone, sentenced in Essex county in October, 1896, to eighteen months, for escaping from Jail; James H. McKeown, sentenced in Passaic county in November, 1893, for ten years, for assault on a child, pardoned because of ill health; Nicholas Morrissey, sentenced in Passaic county with McKeown for participation in the same crime and to a similar term; James Brooks, sentenced in Atlantic county in September, 1896, for assault and battery, to two years; Charles Nab, sentenced in Cumberland county in October, 1895, for the abduction of an infant, to four years, pardoned because of ill-health; William Graff, sentenced in Essex county in March, 1897, to eight months for assault and battery.

The prisoners paroled are: David Barry, sentenced in Hudson county in October, 1892, to six years for grand larceny, paroled because of ill-health; Richard Caldwell, sentenced in Union county in June 1894, to five years for assault with intent to kill, and Roland H. McNab, sentenced in Essex county in June 1894, to five years for Assault with intent to kill, and Roland H. McNab, sentenced in Essex county in May 1896, to two years for bigamy.

FARMER SETTLE'S JEWELS.

Pretty Mrs. Rose Morris of Brooklyn Is Charged with Puriolatag Them.

Mrs. Rose' Morris, who is young, attractive in form and features, and who was stylishly dressed, was arrested at a late hour on Monday night at her home, 401 Warren street, Brook lyn, by two Central Office detective sergeants on a charge of grand larceny. The warrant had been issued by Justice Simonson of Oyster Bay, L. L., on the complaint of Edward Settle, a widower with grown-up children, who has a fine farm at Plainview, L. I. Mrs. Morris had been a guest at the Settle homestead from April 1 to July 1, and is charged with having robbed the Plainview farmer of nearly \$2,000 worth of jewels, some of which are said to have belonged to his deceased wife. Mrs. Morri showed very little agitation after a night's so-journ in the police station when arraigned yes-terday morning before Justice Brenner in the Adams Street Court. She quickly consented to accompany the Long Island constable to Oyster Bay. The constable expressed some appre-Bay. The constable expressed some apprehension that her husband might be around and give him some trouble, and at his request an officer was detailed as an additional escort for the prisoner to the railroad depot. While waiting for the train Mrs. Morris was quite communicative.

communicative.
"My sister," she said, "was Mr. Settle's house-keeper for some time, but there was nothing wrong between them and nothing wrong between him and ne. Mr. Settle is an old man, wrong between them and nothing wrong between him and ne. Mr. Settle is an old man, and I saw no harm in accepting his invitation to go and visit him. I believe that he was quite fond of me, for whenever I expressed a wish for anything he procured it at once. He gave me nine rings, set with diamonds and other jewels; a gold watch, and a beautiful pair of diamond earrings. On several occasions I went with him to the jeweller's when he purchased the articles. In all, I should say he gave me \$1.800 worth of jewelry. It was a gift, and I do not see why he should have me arrested now. We had no quarrel exactly, but he wanted me to get a divorce from my husgift, and I do not see why he should have me arrested now. We had no quarrel exactly, but he wanted me to get a divorce from my hushand. Now, my hushand had never done anything that would warrant me in getting a divorce from him, and surely he'd never get a divorce from me. There never was anything improper between Mr. Settle and myself, but he was very, very fond of me, I know that." Detective Fay, who went with Mrs. Morris to Oyster Bay, returned to Brooklyn last night. He said Mrs. Morris had agreed to surrender the jewelry, and had told him that it was in the possession of Mrs. May Hogan of 119 Walworth street, Hrouklyn. Mrs. Hogan was found by detectives last night and surrendered the property. Mrs. Mor-

EXAMINATIONS FOR FITNESS. Conducted by Excise Commissioner Lyman's

Special Board.

ALBANY, July 13,-The first civil service examination for "fitness" for Special Agents to be appointed by State Excise Commissioner Lyman for the Fourth Judicial district was cor ducted to-day by the board appointed by Mr.

ducted to-day by the board appointed by Mr.
Lyman for the purpose. The examination was
partly written and partly oral, and included a
nedical examination. Nine candidates out of
the eighteen certified by the State Civil Service
Board appeared, largely those who were rated
highest for merit.

Upon opening the examination Chairman P.
W. Culliman of the Examining Board explained
the law to the candidates, and stated that they
would have all only to answer the written questions. Their answers to oral questions were
taken down by the stenographer for the convenience of the examiners in making up their
rating, and the proceedings were open to the
public. The oral and physical examinations
were made one at a time. Notwithstanding the
general rule, any candidate who so desired had
his oral or physical examination in private, and
nearly all availed themselves of this privilege.

Mayor Gleason's Police Commissioners Pines for Contempt.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court n Brooklyn recently directed Police Commissioners Grady, Fitzgibbon, and Jordan of Long Island City to restore Owen J. Cavanagh, a war veteran, to his place on the police force, from which he was removed a year ago. They have so far failed to comply with the order of the court, and yeaterday each of them was fined \$10 for contempt.

A Nostrand avenue trolley car, while on the way to Hergen Beach late on Monday night, collided with a coach belonging to Patrick McCanna & Sons, going in the same direction, in Hubbard's lane and Flatbush avenue, and completely wrocked it. Michael Rhatigan, the driver of the coach; Peter Lyman or Butler street, and Joseph Van Westering of Vanderveer Park, the occu-pants, received numerous severe bruises. The McCannas estimate their loss through the mis-hap at \$950.

Three Men Injured in a Trolley Collision

A Picnic for Brooklyn's Hebrew Orphans. Over 200 children connected with the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum enjoyed a day's outing to Coney Island on Monday as the guests of Mrs. A braham, the wife of Mr. A. A braham, the well-known dry goods merchant. The children were taken to the boson in three special trolley cars. The excursion extended over twelve hours.

LEHIGH'S NEW PRESIDENT.

ALFRED WALTER CHOSEN TO SUC-CEED E. P. WILBUR.

The Well-Known Railroad Passes Into th Control of the Mergan Interests-Mr. Wilhar Remains as a Director. The New Proof dent's Career in Actual Battrond PHILADELPHIA, July 13,-The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company held their meeting to-day, accepted the resignation of E. P. Wilbur as President, and elected in his stead Mr. Alfred Walter. Edward T. Stotesbury of this city and C. H. Coster of New York were elected to the directorate. Rumors of these changes have been current in financial circles ever since the deal was made with J. P. Morgan & Co. and Drexel & Co. in March last. The transaction at that time gave the banking interests a voice in the manage ment, and it was taken as a matter of cours then that Mr. Morgan would substitute officials of his own choosing when the proper tim

In its wider scope to-day's changes may have naterial bearing upon the future of the coa trade, and it is also presumed that there will be closer relations with the Reading Company than ever before. Important traffic changes with other lines will probably follow in the policy of the new management to-day.

When the board met at noon the President of

the company, Mr. E. P. Wilbur, said that it had long been his desire, on account of his other large interests and trusts, to be relieved of the active charge of Lehigh Valley affairs; and that at various times he had so announced to members of the board, as also at the time of the recent negotiations with Messrs. Drexel & Co. and Mesars, J. P. Morgan & Co., who had promised that they would endeavor at the earliest poss ble moment to give effect to his wishes. He es ressed the opinion that the time had now com when he could consistently place his resignation said, furthermore, that the new interests in the

as President before the Board of Directors. He said, furthermore, that the new interests in the property had expressed a strong desire that he should continue in the board, and that he was ready so to do.

A resolution commending Mr. Wilbur's devoted service to the company was then passed and the resignation was accepted. The resignations of Messrs. William L. Conyngham, Charles O. Skeer and George H. Myers, as Directors of the company, were accepted, and Messrs. Edward T. Stotesbury of Philadelphia and C. H. Coster of New York were elected to the board; the former President, Mr. Wilbur, was also elected a member of the board. The two new members of the board, Messrs. Stotesbury and Coster, are both mombers of the banking houses of Droxel & Co. of Philadelphia and J. P. Morgan & Co. of New York, and their entry into the board is indicative of the new elements which have acquired control of the property. The Finance Committee of the company was reorganized: Alfred Walter, Edward T. Stotesbury, Charles H. Coster, E. P. Wilbur, and Joseph Wharton.

Mr. Walter, the newly elected President, was born in Brooklyn N. Y., on Oct. 2, 1851. His railroad experience has been: July 12, 1872, to June 1, 1874, rodman Engineer Corps and assistant engineer Allegheny Valley Railroad; Sept. 1, 1874, to May 1, 1875, assistant engineer Northern Central Railway; May 1, 1878, supervisor Northern Central Railway; May 1, 1878, to Dec. 1, 1881, assistant engineer motive power department, Pennsylvania Railroad; Oct. 1, 1882, to Aug. 1, 1889, to March 1, 1892, to Dec. 1, 1894, general manager New York, Lake Erie and Western Hallroad.

Shortly after his resignation from the Erie in 1894. Mr. Walter undertook the management of 1894. Mr. Walter undertook the management of

manager New York, Lake Erie and Western Rallroad.
Shortly after his resignation from the Erie in 1894, Mr. Walter underlook the management of the large coal estate of Coxe Brothers, and his administration there has been so successful as to attract general attention. In connection with the management of their coal estate, he has also operated their coal rallroad, which has trackage rights over the Lehigh Valley Rallroad. The Presidency of the Lehigh Valley Rallroad Company is a difficult place to fill, because it combines not only rallroad management, but also management of very extensive coal properties.

It is understood that when the New York, Lake Erie and Western Rallroad was reorganized in 1895 he was offered a Vice-Presidency in that company, but this position he declined. The acquirement of the Lehigh Valley makes it possible for the Morgan interests to regulate the anthractic coal output with the certainty of profit to both the miner, the operator, and the carrier. The first aim of the new management, however, will be to reduce expenses. Oberating cost will, it is said, be cut to 70 per cent.

All of the retiring directors have spent a large expenses. Operating cost will, it is said, so can to 70 per cent.

All of the retiring directors have spent a large part of their lives in the service of the Lehigh Valley, President Wilbur has been with the company forty-five years; Charles Hartshorne, first Vice-President, has been in the service thirty-one years, twenty-five years of which as Vice-President and three years as President.

Illinois Central Gets the Ohio Valley Road HENDERSON, Ky., July 13 .- For the third time the Ohio Valley Railroad was offered for sale by order of the Federal Court to-day. Heretofore there have been no bidders, but this time Adrian there have been no bidders, but his time Adrian H. Johne of New York and H. P. Humphreys of Louisville, attorneys for the Illinois Central, offered \$1,050,000, the upset price fixed by the court. The bid was accepted and the road thus passes into the hands of the Illinois Central, which holds about three-fourths of its bonds. The road runs between Princeton, Ky., and Evansville, Ind., and is 11814 miles long.

Summit Branch Battroad Sold. PHILADELPHIA, July 13.-The property of the Summit Branch Railroad Company was sold at auction in the Bourse this morning for \$50,000. Effingham B. Morris, President of the Girard Trust Company, bought in the railroad for the bondholders. There was no competition in the bidding. The sale was made in consequence of a breach of the conditions of a mortgage on the railroad's property, and was for the purpose of foreelowing.

FELL INTO AN AIR SHAFT. The Diverced Wife of a St. Louis Hotel Man

Perhaps Mortally Injured. Mrs. Emily Griswold of Cincinnati O. who sister-in-law, Mrs. Adea, in the Castle, a family hotel at 103d street and Amsterdam avenue fell yesterday from a window of her room, which opens on an airshaft. She was unconscious when picked up, and at the Harlem Hospital, to which critical.

St. Louis, Mo., July 13.—Mrs. Emily Griswold, who fell down the airshaft of "The Castle,"
New York, is the divorced wife of a prominent S., Louis totel man. She is addicted to the use of morphine.

BERMUDA MERCHANTS INVITED. Asked to Attend the Gathering of Buyers in This City Next Month

In furtherance of the effort making by th Merchants' Association to bring together in this city a large number of out-of-town buyers, the Quebec Steamship Company has agreed to make Quebec Steamship Company has agreed to make a rate of \$30 for the round trip from Bermuda, good from any sailing date in August to and in-cluding the return sailing date of Sept. 23 from this city. The usual fare for the round trip by this line from Bermuda is \$50. The Merchants Association will send out by to-day's steamer circulars to all the merchants of Bermuda urging them to take advantage of the occasion thus offered to come to this city to buy goods.

SUBSTITUTION

the FRAUD of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand

CARTER'S Little Liver Pills, The only perfect Liver Pill.

Take no other,

Even if Solicited to do so. Beware of imitations

of Same Color Wrapper, Wachner's \$1,000 worth of diamonds, lost in the sand here yesterday, were found by a little girl from West Park, whose name is Patrick, and have been restored to the owner. RED.



Hold on-don't miss this opportunity—we have on sale over 5,000 remnants, consisting of diagonals, silk mixtures, cheviots, crashes and homespuns, at a uniform price of suit to order \$14.00, coat and vest \$10.50 and trousers \$3.50.

Former prices were, suit \$16.00 to \$40.00, coat and vest \$12.00 to \$30.00 and trousers \$4.00 to \$10,00.

OUR GUARANTEE WARRANTING GARMENTS TO WEAR SATISFACTORILY ONE YEAR, IS GIVEN TO EVERY PURCHASER, OR THE PRIVILEGE OF YOUR MONEY BACK!

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

GOV. BLACK AT THE CAMP.

He Reviews the Twenty-second Regiment and Inspects the Quarters,

STATE CAMP, PEERSKILL, N. Y., July 13 .-Gov. Black arrived at Roa Hook at 1 o'clock today and was met by Adit.-Gen. Tillinghast and his staff, with the United States officers detailed here. All were mounted, and excerted the Governor to the camp. The three battalions, in campaign hats, overcoats, and leggings, were drawn up on the south side of the road to receive him. As the carriage with the Governor and Military Secretary Treadwell arrived at the top of the hill a salute of nineteen guns was fired. The soldiers marched to the parade

fired. The soldiers marched to the parade ground and formed on the color line. The Governor and his secretary rode out on the parade ground in a carriage and reviewed the troops from the carriage window. Col. Hartlett received many compliments on the splendid marching of the men.

After the review the Governor dined at the White House, the band playing on the green meanwhile. After dinner Col. Bartlett and his staff, with the post officers, paid their respects to the Governor. A battalion drill had been arranged for the Governor's benefit at 4 o'clock, and guard mount at 5 o'clock, both of which were omitted on account of rain, as was the evening parade. The Governor inspected the quarters of the men and the mess hall and left on the 8:12 train from Roa Hook.

NO SIDEWALK BICYCLING

ing-Roof Gardens on City Buildings. An ordinance making it a misdemeanor to ride

bicycle on the sidewalks anywhere within the present city limits was adopted by the Board of Aldermen yesterday. The penalty is a fine of \$5 for each violation. The ordinance for the regulation of drivers,

bleycle riders, and pedestrians, which was sub-mitted by the New York Consulate of the League of American Wheelmen, was sent back to the Law Committee for another public hearing, to be beld next Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

The Aldermen decided to ask the opinion of Cornoration Counsel Scott about their rights in connection with the counting of the vote cast at the first Greater New York election next November.

Yember.
Alderman Goodman's resolution requesting the Mayor to urge the establishment of a roof garden for the public on the new Hall of Records and on every other public building fitted for the purpose was adopted.

CHICAGO TO TAX BICYCLES. Mayor Harrison Announces That He Will Ste-

the \$1 Wheel Ordinance. CHICAGO, July 13.-Mayor Harrison has an nounced that he will sign the new ordinance which places a tax of \$1 on all bicycles used in the city. The Mayor declared that he favored it, but he will wait before affixing his signature until Corporation Counsel Thornton has examined it and has given an opinion on its valid-ity. The ordinance, according to Corporation Counsel Thornton, is a valid measure. The measure, too, is strongly indersed by City The measure, too, is strongly indersed by City Collector Martin, who figures that if enforced it will add not less than \$200,000 a year to the

MEXICAN BANDIT KILLED.

revenues of the city.

He Recently Despoiled a Pack Train \$30,000 Worth of Silver. Mexico, July 13.-Pable Merengo, the bandit thief who led the robbery of the pack train loaded with silver bullion near here several weeks ago, has just been shot, and three more

members of his band have been captured in the members of his band have been captured in the mountains west of here.

The brigands have been closely pursued for several days by a strong force of rural guards, and were finally hemmed in in a deep cahon. Morengo made desperate resistance, and stood off the guards until he had exhausted all his ammunition, and he was then shot and killed. The two captives say that the silver bullion was taken to Aguas Callentes and sold for \$30,000 and that they secreted the money in a mountain cave.

CAPSIZED OFF CONEY ISLAND.

Three Men Venture Out in a Cathoat in Heavy Sea-Two Drowned. Mrs. Mary Burns, wife of a Coney Island hotel reeper, reported to the police late last night that her husband, a man named Smith, and a man whom she did not know had gone sailing from the foot of Henderson's Walk at 6:30 o'clock in the root of tenderson's war at 1630 o'clock in the evening, and that her husband and the man whose name was not known were drowned. Smith, she said, told her that when they had got some way from shore a heavy wave struck the catboat in which they were and cansized it. Smith said that he was able to escape by swim-ming. The others, he said, were drowned.

TOLUCA, Mexico, July 13 .- It is appounced pere that negotiations for the purchase of La Esperanza gold mining property by C. P. Lane, epresenting a California syndicate, have been closed. The consideration was \$6,000,000. Mr. Lane deposited \$100,000 as an option on the nine a short time ago.

It is reported that Sir Weetman Pearson recently attempted to purchase the nine tor an English syndicate, offering \$3,000,000 for it. There are 500,000 tons of rich ore in sight. The mine is in El Oro district, this State.

The Coming Eclipse of the Sun. MEXICO CITY, Mexico, July 13 .- On the morn-

ing of July 29 an annular eclipse of the sun will take place. It will be visible in this city, but to greater perfection at Aguas Callentes, A com mission has been appointed to go to Aguas Calientes to observe the phenomenon.

The chief of the commission, Prof. Angel Anguiano, left yesterday marning for Aguas Calientes to choose a site for the observations. The other members will go to merrow, and take with them a full set of instruments for photographing the eclipse.

Sold Oleomargarine as Butter to Orphans. Max J. Adler, a dealer in olcomargarine at 101 Beckman street, was held for examination in the Centre Street Police Court yesterday for selling elemargarine as butter to the St. Jo-seph's Orphan Asylum at Avenue A and Eighly-niath street. The institution, in which there are 800 orphans, bought ten tubs of sixty pounds each a month.

Mme. Nordica Better.

Special Cable Desputch to THE Ses. LONDON, July 13.-Mmc. Nordica, the prima donna, who is ill at the Hatel Savoy with peritonitis, is now making good progress toward

Lost Diamonds Found.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 13.- Mrs. Eleanor

When the Firm Went Down in the Baring Panic, Loaded with Villard Stocks, It Owed \$19,000,000 and Resumed in 60 Days.

Decker, Howell & Co. of 44 Broadway, one of the oldest of Stock Exchange firms, suspended yesterday. The failure was not wholly unexpected and it caused no stir. The firm had been one of the biggest houses in the business, but since its failure in the Baring panic in 1890 is has not been a large factor in Wall street. The failure of 1890 involved more than \$12,000,000. It was the general opinion yesterday that the present liabilities amount to not more than \$20,000 or \$25,000. These liabilities are under

DECKER, HOWELL & CO. FAIL

THIS TIME THE RISE IN SUGAR WAS

TOO MUCH FOR THEM.

Liabilities Small-John C. Eno a Co

stood to be pretty well distributed.

The immediate cause of the failure was the sharp rise in Sugar certificates. The firm had been operating on the bear side, and it is understood was short of Leather and some other stocks besides Sugar. The six-point advance in Sugar on Monday the firm was unable to survive, and an assignment was made to Alanson Fisher, Jr., the firm's cashier. The assignment was announced on the Stock Exchange vester day morning at 10:20 o'clock. It was said that some of the heavy buying of Sugar late on Monday was due to the firm's covering of shorts.

The assignee's counsel are Sullivan & Cromwell of 45 Wall street, who were counsel to the assignee in the failure of 1890 also, William Nelson Cromwell of that firm being the assignee on that occasion.

Mr. Decker said yesterday that outside of the

that occasion.

Mr. Decker said yesterday that outside of the immediate causes already related, the dulness in business affairs and high expenses had contributed to the failure. The firm maintained spacious offices on the ground floor at 44 Broadway, big enough for a big banking bouse. In contradiction of a current report Mr. Decker said that John C. Eno had no speculative account with the firm, and had had none, although he had done business with them. It was known in Wall street that John C. Eno had been a customer of the firm, and he was the only customer that of late the firm had been known to have. He had desk room at 44 Broadway and is an old friend of Mr. Decker.

The present firm of Decker, Howell & Co. Is made up of Joseph S. Decker and William A. Williams. Both were in the firm at the time of the other failure. Both men have passed the half-century mark. Mr. Decker joined the Stock Exchange on March 6, 1873. His other partners, besides Mr. Williams, in 1890, were George R. Howell, who has since died, and William Evans. Jr. Prior to the 1890 failure the firm was looked upon as the representative of Henry Villard, and dealt very largely in the Villard stocks. The close of business on the day it failed, Nov. 11, 1890, marked a drop of 11 per cent, in Northern Pacific and shout 9 per cent, in Northern Pac

the members of the firm \$25,000 for his work, and silver service. It was reported that the silver was worth \$50,000, but that has been authentically denied.

HUSBAND KEEPS HER \$20,000. It Was a Free Gift When She Was His Wift

Daisie Isabel Ross has been non-suited by Justice Smyth of the Supreme Court in her action to recover \$20,000 from her former husband, Millard F. Polhemus, which was used to

purchase for him a seat in the Stock Exchange. She married him in April, 1890. She had about \$70,000 on deposit with the firm of Work, Strong & Co., with which Polhemus was con nected. She drew on the amount for \$20,000 in order to get her husband a seat, but the Ex change required her to release any claim to the change required her to release any claim to the morey. She gave a release of all claim to the money, but she says there was a secret agreement with her husband that he would not take advantage of the release but would repay the money with interest. She separated from Polemus in 1985, and a year later she secured an absolute divorce. In June, 1896, she married her present husband, with whom she lives at the Hotel Majestic.

Justice Smyth finds that the money was an absolute gift to her husband, and says that the release would stand because there is no evidence of fraud or mutual mistake in connection with the execution of the paper, and he says, moreover:

the execution of the paper, and he says, moreover:

"It is claimed that the secret agreement thus
entered into between the parties to the release
amounted to a fraud upon the Stock Exchange,
and that neither party to it has the right to invoke the aid of a court of equity to set it aside.
There is no question made as to the right of the
Stock Exchange to restrict its membership to
solvent persons and to insist upon proof that the
proposed member is not indebted to any one for
the purchase of a seat, and it is insisted that
any attempt to evade that restriction by a secret
agreement amounts to fraud, which the cours
should not countenance."

CHEYENNES MAKING TROUBLE.

Armed Bucks Drive Matt Winter's Family Out of Their House. MILES CITY, Mon., July 13 .- The Cheyenne Indians are again making trouble for the white people near the reservation. A number of armed bucks attacked the home of Matt Winter, firing several shots inside the house. Mrs. Winter, the children, and a bired man, who were in the house, fled by the rear way and escaped without

house, fled by the rear way and escaped withous in our.

Matt Winter was one of the deputy sheriffs who accompanied Sheriff Gibbs to help arrest Little Whirlwind not long ago, and it was the general online at that time that Winter would soon due at the hands of the Cheyennes.

The authorities have again asked Senator Carter to bring the matter before Secretary Riliss and see if some permanent relief from these savages cannot be obtained. County Attorney Porter is now at the reservation.

More complaints will be made and more Indians arrested, and it is hoped that the military authorities will instruct the agent to cooperate with the Sheriff this time.

ARRESTED IN MIDSTREAM. Herb Made a Claim That He Was Out of the State, but Was Toned Ashore by the Hair. PORT CHESTER, N. Y., July 13.-Policeman

James Cook started out yesterday to arrest John Herb, a coachman, who was trying to escape into Connecticut. The prisoner was charged with assaulting Matthew Moore, a liveryman, who refused him the loan of a horse. Herb was coming down King street when he saw the policeman. He dashed through a croekery store, stumbling over the goods with a crash, and frightening the women who were keeping the shop. The policeman was in close pursuit, and cornered the fugitive at the town dock. He was about to place him under arrest when he plunged into the water, and began swimming overhand for the Connecticut shore.

Cook secured a boat and was soon alongside the furitive, who gasped: "You can't arrest me now; I am in Connecticut."

"No, you're not!" shouted the policeman. "You're out in the middle of the river." Cook selzed Herb by the hair and began towing him ashore. The prisoner used every effort to overturn the boat, but failed, and was successfully lodged in the village prison. who refused him the loan of a horse. Herb was

MURDERER KIPPIE EXECUTED. Hauged Just After Midnight on the Wethersfield Automatic Sallows.

HARTFORD, July 14.-Thomas F. Rippie was hanged on the automatic gallows in the Wethersfield Prison at 12:36 o'clock this morning. Kipple maintained his insolent demeaner to the end. He refused to allow a photographer to take his picture, and showed little interest in the ministrations of his spiritual adviser, the Rov. ministrations of his spiritual.
Father Lynch.
The intriderer gained twenty pounds in weight during his confinement in the steel cage after condemnation. The automatic gallows, on which he was executed, worked without acci-

Dividend in the Sullivan Savings Bank CLAHEMONT, N. H., July 13.-Receivers Sanders & Faulkner of the defunct Sullivan Savings Bank announce that a dividend of from 10 to 15 per cent, will be declared before Sept. 1. The total will be from \$120,000 to \$180,000.

FLESH AND BLOOD AVDID SUBSTITUTES"